# 32<sup>nd</sup> Annual Sustainability and Environmental Health & Safety Symposium

# Water Quality Issues in Ohio, Indiana & Kentucky

**March 2023** 

# Tiffani Kavalec Division of Surface Water



#### **DSW Personnel**

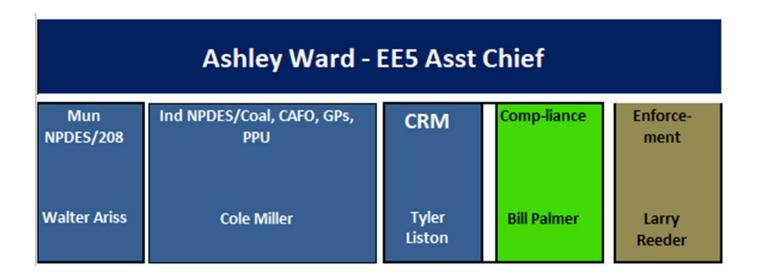
Vacancies reduced significantly

• David Emerman – NEDO Chief





# NPDES/208/Wet Weather





## WQ/TMDL/Lake Erie/NonPoint/Grants





# 401/Biosolids/PTI/Stormwater

#### Joby Jackson - Asst Chief

401 & Mitigation

Anna Kamnyev Biosolids, Dredge, CCR EE4

Betsy Sheerin PTI, Pretrea tment, Op Crt

HSTS, Erin Sherer Storm Water Mgr

Jason Fyffe



## 2024-2025 Budget

- Continuation Budget from 2022-2023
- Increased Requests in Federal Grants
  - Passthrough Subgrants
    - GLRI
    - Hypoxia Task Force
    - 604(b)



# Water Quality Standards (WQS) Triennial Review





# Why a Triennial Review?

- Required by Clean Water Act
  - States must hold public hearings to review all their standards every 3 years
  - States must consider public input all WQS rules
  - States must consider latest science
  - Not a rulemaking it informs priorities for future rulemakings



# **Priority options**

Option	Rule #	Rule title and subtopic if applicable
A.	3745-01-01	Purpose and applicability
В.	3745-01-04	Criteria applicable to all waters
C.	3745-01-05	Antidegradation - NPDES discharges
D.	3745-01-05	Antidegradation - Special high-quality waters
E.	3745-01-05	Antidegradation - Best available demonstrated control technology
F.	3745-01-06	Mixing zone demonstration and sizing requirements
G.	3745-01-07	Beneficial use designations and biological criteria (e.g.: Coldwater Habitat definition)
Н.	3745-01-35	Aquatic life and wildlife criteria - U.S. EPA recommended and Ohio EPA developed criteria for parameters finalized since the last rulemaking
l.	3745-01-37	Water quality criteria for recreation use designations and aesthetic conditions
J.	3745-01-39	Site-specific modifications to criteria and values
K.	3745-01-40	Methodologies for development of aquatic life criteria and values
L.	3745-01-41	Methodology for deriving bioaccumulation factors
M.	3745-01-42	Methodologies for development of human health criteria and values for the Lake Erie drainage basin
N.	3745-01-43	Methodology for the development of wildlife criteria for the Lake Erie drainage basin
0.	3745-01-44	Whole effluent toxicity provisions

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

# Online Survey

Please rank your top five choices - indicate one option each for first priority, second priority, etc. You many also indicate any number of items that you feel should not be a priority (not required).

	First	Second	Third	Fouth	Fifth	Not a priority
3745-01-01 Purpose and applicability	0	0	0	0	0	0
3745-01-04 Criteria applicable to all waters	0	0	0	0	0	0
3745-01-05 Antidegradation - NPDES discharges	0	0	0	0	0	0
3745-01-05 Antidegradation - Special high quality waters	0	0	0	0	0	0
3745-01-05 Antidegradation - Best available demonstrated control technology	0	0	0	0	0	0
3745-01-06 Mixing zone demonstration and sizing requirements	0	0	0	0	0	0
3745-01-07 Beneficial use designations and biological criteria (e.g.: Coldwater Habitat definition)	0	0	0	0	0	0
3745-01-35 Aquatic life and wildlife criteria - U.S. EPA recommended and Ohio	0	0	0	0	0	0



#### **Status**

- Public hearing was held January 18, 2023
- Comment period ended January 31, 2023
- DSW staff will:
  - consider comments and rankings
  - release final report on our website

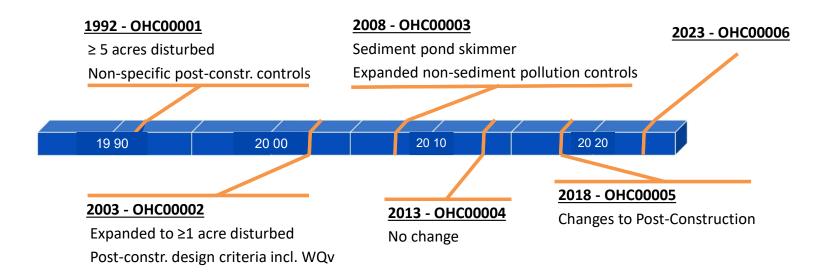


# NPDES Construction Stormwater General (CGP) Permit Renewal OHC000006





# History of CGP





### OHC000006 Schedule

#### • OHC000005 Expires **April 22, 2023**

Estimated Schedule	Action
May 19, 2022	ESO Notification
June 2, 2022	Virtual ESO Meeting
July 1, 2022	ESO Input Due
December 5, 2022	Draft GP Public Noticed
January 23, 2023	Draft GP Info Sess./Public Hearing
January 30, 2023	Draft GP Comment Period Ended
March 2023	Provide Proposed GP to USEPA
April 23, 2023	OHC000006 Issued/Effective



# Permit Changes

- Storm water has been changed to stormwater throughout permit
- Typos and grammatical errors; Electronic Recordkeeping; Notice of Termination; Post-Construction Requirements



## Renewing Coverage

- If needing to continue coverage, existing permittees must renew coverage by October 19, 2023
  - Submit a renewal Notice of Intent (NOI)
  - Renewal NOI application fee based upon acreage
  - No renewal application fee if previous coverage was issued on or after <u>April 23, 2022</u>



# Priority Projects – Euclid

- R5 Phosphorus Reduction Efforts on LE point sources
- US EPA Specific Objections to Euclid's Proposed NPDES Permit Renewal
  - November 2, 2021
  - Requested a hearing w/ R5 Administrator Shore
- R5 Permitting Branch has been grasping at numerous point source phosphorus permit limit reductions efforts

#### **US EPA Real Time Review Process**

- Ohio's NPDES universe includes 292 majors & 2,920 minors
- In FFY 2021, US EPA identified these <u>nine</u> permits for "real time review":

Permit number	<u>Name</u>	Туре	<b>Expiration Date</b>
ОН0020541	City of Nelsonville	POTW	Modification 10/27/2020
ОН0064009	Summit County Environmental Services	POTW	10/31/2020
ОН0052922	City of Bucyrus	POTW	11/30/2020
ОН0028240	Zanesville City of	POTW	1/31/2021
ОН0031062	City of Euclid	POTW	2/28/2021
OH0028118	Willard, City of	РОТЖ	2/28/2021
ОН0049999	Eastern Ohio Regional Wastewater Auth	POTW	6/30/2021
ОН0027740	City of Toledo	POTW	8/31/2021
ОН0003891	Aleris Rolled Products	NON-POTW	1/31/2021

 US EPA's real time review process should NOT be the avenue to set regional, nutrient permitting strategies



# Priority Projects – Euclid

The specific objection proposes for the facility to achieve a concentration of 0.007 mg/L. A concentration of 0.007 mg/L is not technically sound or legally justifiable.

- Would not result in a measurable change in Lake Erie.
- Achieving 0.007 mg/L is not technically feasible.
- Euclid just invested in a new plant.
- Any additional investment would be expensive and for little to no environmental impact.

Region 5 approached Euclid and Ohio proposing a limit of 0.5 mg/L to settle the specific objection.

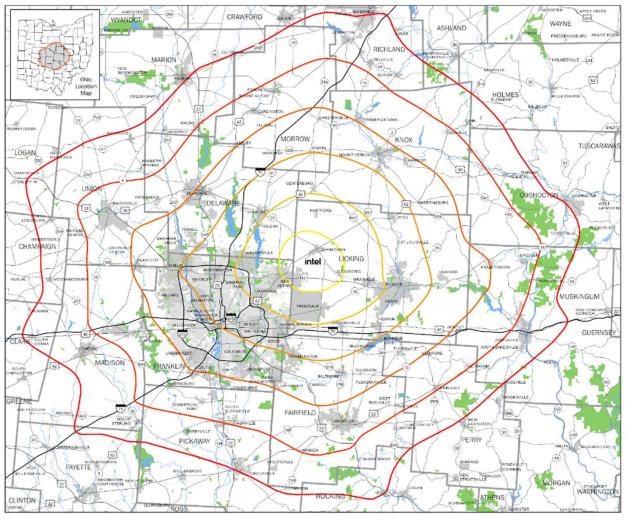
- Would not result in a meaningful reduction.
- Neither Ohio EPA nor Euclid knows what the new plant will be able to perform once it has been fully operating for some time.
- 0.5 mg/L would be a policy stance that we do not believe is legally or scientifically defensible.

# **Priority Projects**

Intel



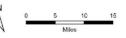




#### **Intel Site Driving Times**

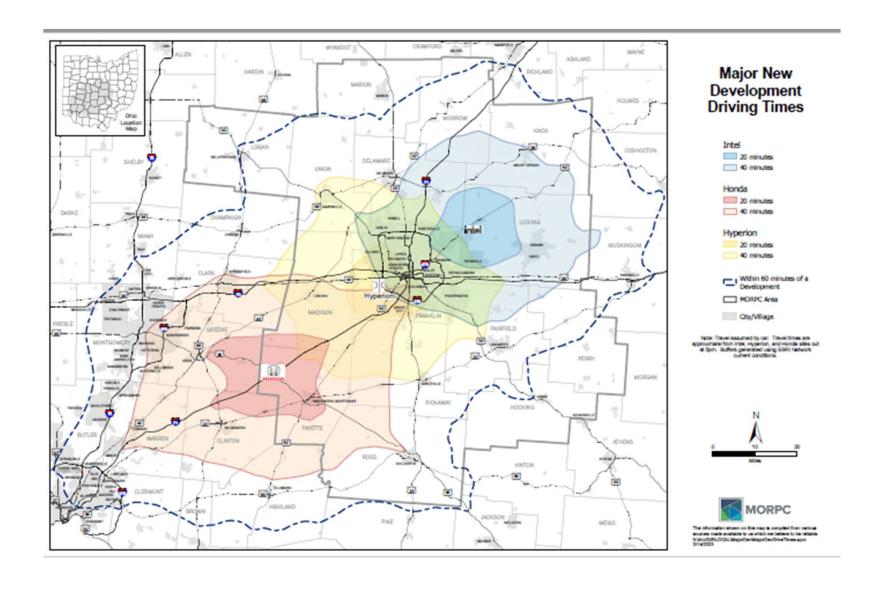


Note: Travel assumed by car. Travel limes are approximate from Intel site out at 5pm. Buffers generated using ESRI Network.





The information shown on this map is compiled from various sources made available to us which we believe to be reliable. N. Arcols/REQUESTS international Plant intelBase aprox 4/28/2022.

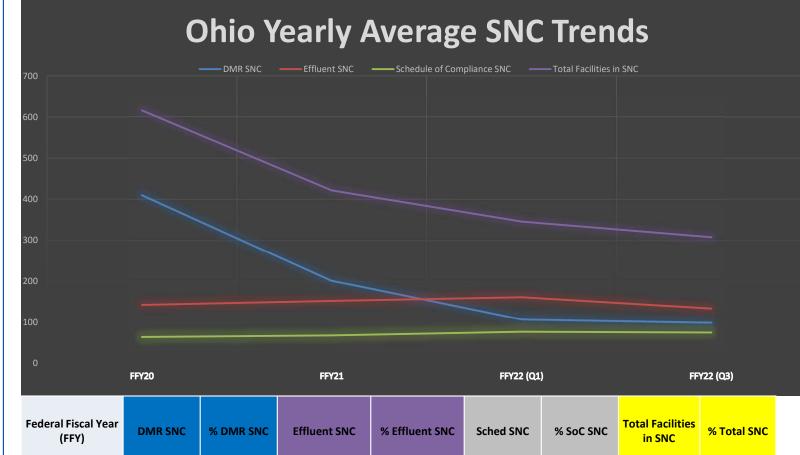


# Priority Projects – Gorge Dam

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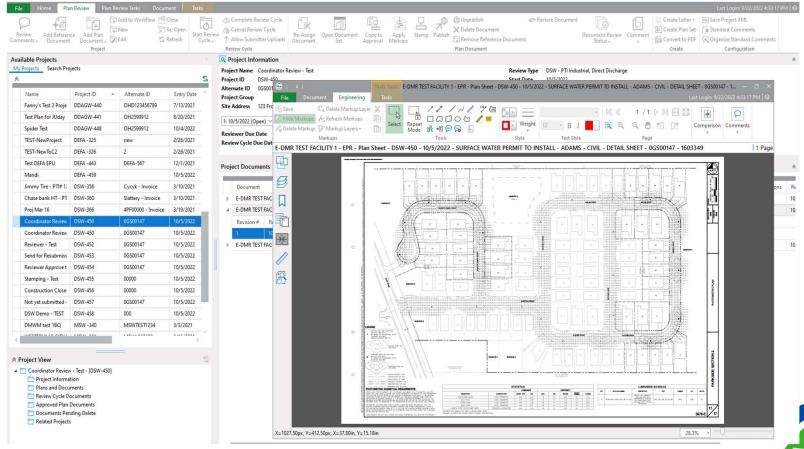


	Federal Fiscal Year (FFY)	DMR SNC	% DMR SNC	Effluent SNC	% Effluent SNC	Sched SNC	% SoC SNC	Total Facilities in SNC	% Total SNC
	Current (Q3)	98	3.1%	143	4.4%	81	2.5%	333	10.1%
	FY22 (Q1)	107	3.3%	161	5.0%	77	2.4%	345	10.8%
	FY21	201	6.3%	152	4.8%	68	2.1%	421	13.1%
_	FY20	410	12.8%	142	4.4%	64	2.0%	616	19.2%



<sup>\*</sup>Percentage based off total Ohio Individual NPDES permit universe

#### PTI - ePlans







- Bil effective July 21, 2022
- "Waters of the state" does not include an ephemeral feature for which the United States army corps of engineers lacks the authority to issue a permit under 33 U.S.C. 1344. (i.e Fill in Ephemeral streams are only regulated by the state under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act).
- Section 6111.313 and 6111.314 includes several, specific options for ephemeral stream mitigation as well as monitoring criteria
- Within two years of the effective date of the bill (by July 21, 2024) The director of environmental protection shall review and adopt all substantive wetland, stream, or lake mitigation standards, guidance, criteria, scientific methods, processes, or other procedures or policies that are currently used by the interagency review team or in the evaluation of 401 water quality certifications

Protection Agency

# HB 175 Implementation

- July 21, 2022
  - Recruited contractor to assist with administrative objectives
- June Sept. 20, 2022
  - Conducted Pre-Early Stakeholder Outreach
- September 30, 2022
  - Public Noticed Intent to Develop Rules
- October 2022-March 2023
  - Conducting Early Stakeholder Outreach
- March 2023 August 2023
  - Draft Rules
- Sept. 30, 2023
  - Public Notice Draft Rules/Interested Party Review

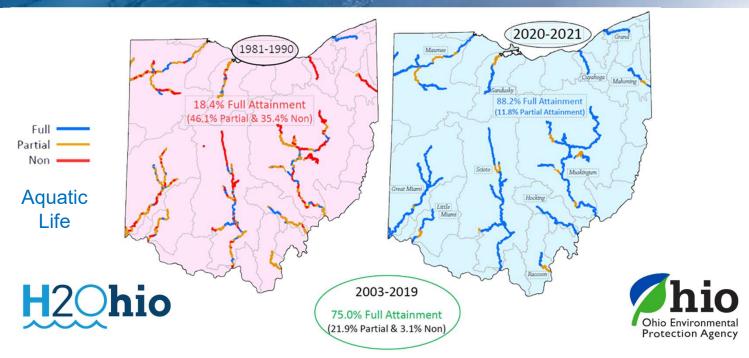


# HB 175 Plan for Implementation Cont'd

- December 31, 2023
  - Common-Sense Initiative Office
- April 1, 2024
  - Joint Committee on Agency Rules and Reference (JCARR)
- May 2, 2024 (approximate)
  - Public Hearing
- May 21, 2024
  - JCARR has Public Hearing
- July 21, 2024 Deadline pursuant to HB 175



# H20hio Rivers Initiative



#### **Emerging Contaminant Assessment**

THE GOAL

Assess the status of rivers for contamination from emerging contaminants.

#### **THE PURPOSE**

While assessment of potential threats from emerging contaminants to both Ohio's public and private drinking water systems have been underway since 2020, Ohio EPA is also required to assess and report on the quality of Ohio's waters. Using draft water quality criteria from U.S. EPA, Ohio EPA will hire a contractor to sample water and fish tissue for emerging contaminants from representative locations in major rivers throughout the state.



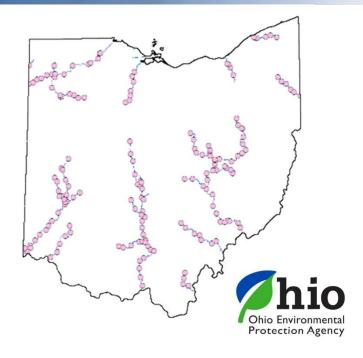






Water Column	164
Invertebrate whole-body	164
Invertebrate Community Assessment (ID and number of macroinvertebrates)	164
Fish whole-body	164
Fish Muscle	164





#### **River Restoration**

THE GOAL

Prioritize and fund river restoration in areas with impairments through stream restoration, habitat creation, and contaminated sediment removal.

#### THE PURPOSE

Portions of Ohio's rivers and streams have modified and/or degraded conditions such that aquatic life uses do not meet the minimum goals of the Clean Water Act (CWA). Ohio EPA has prioritized three large river tributaries that, with habitat restoration, have the potential to recover to higher quality status. The goal of this program will be to remove water quality impairments to improve their ecosystems and put these waterbodies on a path to exceptional warmwater habitat and/or a scenic river designation that will undoubtably contribute to Ohio's economy.







# H20hio Rivers Initiative

Stream Drai	nage A	reaGrad	lient	
1 Duck Creek	7.3	18.87	25	
2 Wilson Creek	18.0	3.16	43	
3 Mile Creek	18.5	1.60	28	
4 Honey Run	10.9	2.82	41	
5 Plum Creek	22.0	2.24	40	
6 Riley Creek	12.1	3.97	37	
				(r
7 Brights Ditch	28.4	5.63	35	
8 Red Run	4.3	5.13	31	
9 Celery Creek	13.4	10.30	22	
10Still Fork Sand	y Cree	k 47.0	2.9	96

QHEI Narrative

Culverted stream channel can be naturalized
Trapezoidal ditch with potential for self-forming channel
Low gradient may require habitat enhancements
Trapezoidal ditch with potential for self-forming channel
Trapezoidal ditch with potential for self-forming channel
Natural features exist; pollution abatement needed
(may have been addressed)

Trapezoidal ditch with potential for self-forming channel Small drainage area requires habitat enhancements
Trapezoidal ditch with potential for self-forming channel
39 Better livestock practices to reduce sedimentation







#### **Road Salt Management**

**THE GOAL** 

Decrease salt contamination and maintain safety and service levels.

#### **THE PURPOSE**

Salt from deicing chemicals applied to roads and parking lots for winter travel safety has been building up in soils and water tables for several decades and is now spilling over into our rivers and drinking water supplies. To reverse this trend, this effort will provide education and outreach to help local governments modernize their snow removal fleets through cost-sharing incentives, new technologies and adoption of best management practices developed to maintain safety and service levels while decreasing the amount of salt application by 50%.





#### **Dam Removal**

THE GOAL

Ohio EPA, in concert with ODNR and ODA, proposed to remove aging and non-functional low head dams to improve safety and the health of our large rivers.

#### THE PURPOSE

Low head dams once served to harness energy for grain mills, or to store water for drinking water supply. Now, these dams are old and risk potentially catastrophic failure, causing a danger to humans, restricting the natural movement of fish, and impeding the normal processing of nutrients and sediment as the water moves downstream. This effort targets nine existing low head dams for removal.

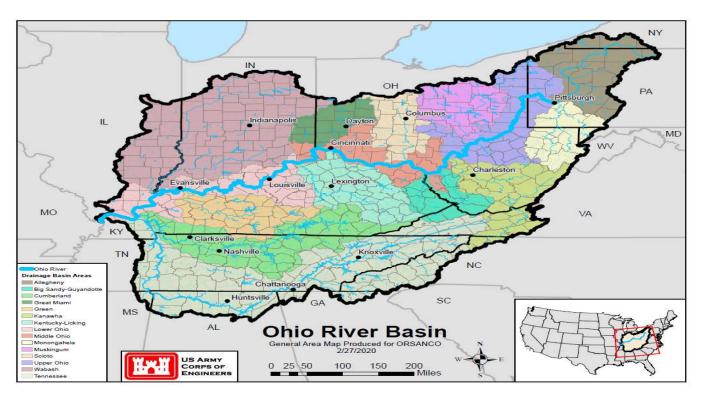






#### Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission (ORSANCO)

**Ohio River Basin** 

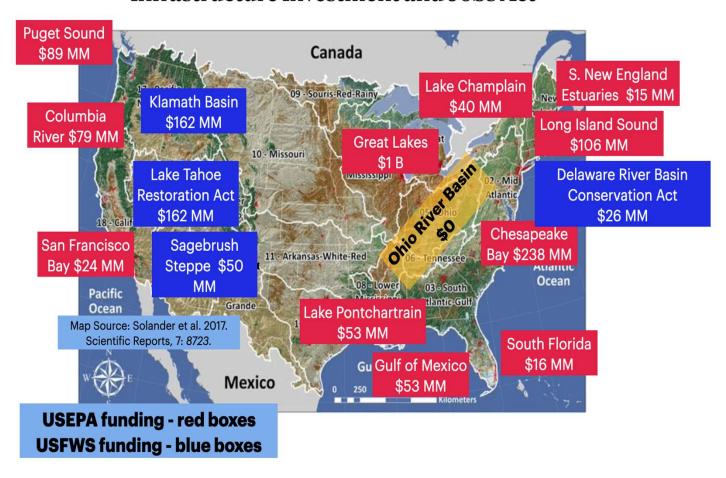


5% of US mainland (205,00 square miles)

25 million population Parts of 14 states



#### Geographic Ecological Restoration Funding in Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act



### Tiffani Kavalec, Chief Division of Surface Water

tiffani.kavalec@epa.ohio.gov







# Office of Water Quality (OWQ) 2023 Overview

Martha Clark Mettler
Assistant Commissioner



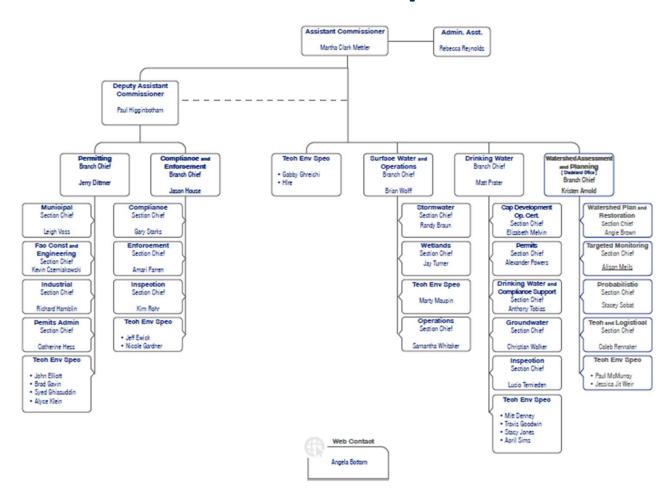
Paul Higginbotham

Deputy Assistant Commissioner





### **OWQ Leadership Team**







## Water Quality Standards (WQS) 2023 Initiatives

- Complete next steps to revise downstate WQS methodologies
- Review numeric nutrient criteria needs/options in light of overall nutrient reduction information/strategies
  - Implementing a 1 mg/l total phosphorus state treatment technology limit
  - Requiring nitrogen sampling at large WWTPs
- Evaluate U.S. EPA criteria recommendations:
  - Ammonia criteria; Recreational criteria; Aluminum criteria
  - It is important to understand the implementation challenges associated with each
- Track U.S. EPA draft criteria development work:
  - PFAS ambient criteria and ELGs





## Compliance & Enforcement Branch 2023 Initiatives

- Continue with the rulemaking process to update the wastewater operator certification rule
- Begin the development of IDEM provided training for the wastewater operator certification exam for Class I, II, A and B
- Complete all inspection commitments and, at the same time, meet the agency metric for delivering inspection reports within seven days
- Continue to pursue reduction of Significant Noncompliance (SNC) rates at NPDES permitted facilities
- Implement a new web-portal system for submission of sanitary sewer overflow and bypass reports





## Drinking Water Branch 2023 Initiatives

Goal: Ninety-nine percent (99%) of the population served by Community Public Water Systems (PWSs) in Indiana receive water that meets all health standards

- Track and respond to proposed changes in federal statute/rule regarding lead and PFAS
- Prepare systems for lead service line inventory requirements
- Improve the Drinking Water Watch website to make it more user-friendly and transparent
- Continue working with certified labs for electronic submission of data
- Complete sanitary surveys on time at all PWSs average turnaround time is two days
- Work with systems on submitting monthly report of operations (MROs) electronically
- Continue source water protection (SWP) efforts
- Continue PFAS sampling project at all CWSs Phases 1 (medium) and 2 (small) completed, and Phase 3 (large) in progress
- Review and update operator exam study guides to help improve operator exam scores





## Permits Branch 2023 Initiatives

- Train significant number of new staff in NPDES permit writing/stream modeling and provide cross-training and mentorship opportunities
- Research/assess emerging wastewater treatment and collection technologies
- Continue external workgroups and combined sewer overflow (CSO) program development focused on post-long term control plan (LTCP) implementation
- Continue work on updates/rulemaking for NPDES applications as required to comply with U.S. EPA's NPDES Application and Program Updates Rule
- Continue development of a new administrative NPDES master general permit (MGP) for coal mining and abandoned mine land (AML) activities to replace the existing, out-of-date permit-by-rule
- Respond to any legislative directives affecting NPDES permitting- i.e. potential permitting of surface water discharges from individual homeowner systems statewide
- Work to keep up with the increase in workload created by the additional federal funds from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law





## Surface Water & Operations Branch 2023 Initiatives

#### Stormwater

- Assist with transition of coverage to new general permits for construction stormwater and MS4s
- Update the online permit submittal system (nViro)
- Update the stormwater manual to reflect changes to the general permits
- Continue the process to update the industrial stormwater general permit

#### Wetlands

- Interpret and implement changes to the definition of Waters of the U.S.
- Continue the process for developing online application submittals
- Encourage the use of the Indiana Waterways [Permit] Inquiry Request tool found at <a href="https://www.in.gov/waterways/">https://www.in.gov/waterways/</a>





### Watershed Assessment & Planning Branch 2023 Initiatives

- Distribute \$3 million in nonpoint source grant funds and manage 75 projects
- Complete work on the Black Creek TMDL
- Institute online QAPP tool and resources for external partners and the public
- Complete the following surface water monitoring projects:
  - Fixed station at 165 sites across the state;
  - Probabilistic monitoring in the Great Miami River basin;
  - Fish tissue contaminant monitoring in the Upper Wabash River basin;
  - Watershed characterization monitoring in Big Raccoon Creek;
  - Cyanobacteria monitoring at 18 DNR lakes with 21 beaches and the Ft. Harrison dog park;
  - Reference site monitoring in watersheds across the state; and
  - Performance measures monitoring in targeted watersheds.
- Develop coolwater indices of biotic integrity for macroinvertebrates and fish
- Participate in the U.S. EPA regional steam monitoring network via collection of continuous stream and weather data to evaluate impacts of extreme weather on aquatic life use
- Update the Indiana Nonpoint Source Management Plan





### **Contact Information**

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#### **Biographical Information**

Kathryn E. Gasior, Associate, Dickinson Wright PLLC 2600 W. Big Beaver Rd. Ste. 300, Troy, MI 48084-3312 602-285-5085 kgasior@dickinsonwright.com

Kathryn Gasior, an Associate in the firm's Troy office, focuses her practice on Public Sector Law. She also has experience in a wide variety of civil matters including constitutional law, labor and employment, and commercial litigation.

#### Education

Arizona State University, Sandra Day O'Connor College of Law, J.D., 2021

- Willem C. Vis International Commercial Arbitration Moot Team
- magna cum laude
- Order of the Coif
- Trial Advocacy Certificate
- CALI Excellence for the Future Award
- Federal Courts Individual Rights in Constitutional Law,
   Professional Responsibility, Law & Foreign Policy in Washington D.C.

The Ohio State University, B.S., Environmental Public Health, 2016, cum laude

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614-644-3538 Fax: 614-644-2745 tiffani.kavalec@epa.ohio.gov

Tiffani has been the chief of the Division of Surface Water since 2015 which ensures the compliance with the federal Clean Water Act. Surface Water issues permits to regulate wastewater treatment plants, factories and storm water to reduce the impact of pollutants. Her division also develops comprehensive watershed plans aimed at improving polluted streams. They also sample streams, lakes and wetlands, including fish, aquatic insects and plants, to determine the health of Ohio's surface waters.

Tiffani started with Ohio EPA in 1995 and spent most of her time in the Division of Environmental Response and Revitalization (DERR) overseeing the Site Assessment, Enforcement, Federal Facilities, Natural Resource Damages, and Voluntary Action Programs. Tiffani graduated from Indiana University's School of Public and Environmental Affairs with a B.S. in Environmental Science and Public Policy. She also has several Master's credits from the University of Findlay's Environmental Management Program.

#### **Biographical Information**

Martha Clark Mettler, Assistant Commissioner, Office of Water Quality Indiana Department of Environmental Management

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Martha Clark Mettler is the Assistant Commissioner of the Office of Water Quality (OWQ) at the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM). In the position since 2015, Ms. Mettler co-leads and oversees the approximately 170 staff who implements the Safe Drinking Water Act and Clean Water Act programs in Indiana. Martha has been with IDEM in the Office of Water Quality since 1995.

Martha has a Master of Planning in Environmental Planning from Indiana University and a Bachelor of Science in Public Affairs from Indiana University.

Carey Johnson, Director, Kentucky Division of Water 300 Sower Blvd., Frankfort, KY 40601-6571

<u>Carey.Johnson@ky.gov</u>

Carey is an experienced environmental professional in the government administration industry and skilled in Program/Project Management, Strategic Planning, Leadership, and Relationship Building. Over 19 years of experience in Floodplain Management and Flood Hazard Mapping. His activities include: Kentucky Silver Jackets, the Kentucky Hazard Mitigation Council, the Technical Mapping Advisory Council (TMAC), the National Dam Safety Review Board, the Ohio River Basin Alliance (ORBA), and the Ohio River Sanitation Commission (ORSANCO).

Founding member and past chair of the Kentucky Association of Mitigation Managers (KAMM) and current chair of the Association of State Floodplain Managers (ASFPM). Certified Floodplain Manager (CFM) Experienced environmental professional in the government administration industry.

Carey has been with the Kentucky Division of Water for over 20 years, serving as the Director since May 2021 and Assistant Director from November 2018 to May 2021.

From the University of Kentucky, Carey has a MS in Plant and Soil Science and a B.S. in Plant and Soil Science.